

## Forming Technology

Forming Technology Research Department is developing new technologies of forming and performance evaluation to apply our advanced steels to automotive bodies effectively. We support automotive customers with the developed technologies through EVI (Early Vendor Involvement) activities.

## **New Forming Technology**

New forming technologies are being developed to improve formability of high strength steels especially by applying state-of-the-art techniques like press-motion control of a servo press machine. Prototyping is ongoing on difficult parts such as complex shape panels and UHSS structural parts. JFE can support customers by the development of not only advanced steel sheets but also forming technologies.



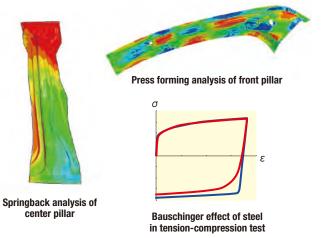
3,000kN servo press machine



**UHSS structural part** (Center pillar: 1180MPa steel)

## **CAE Technology**

CAE technologies are being developed, for example with more sophisticated models of Bauschinger effect and elastic/plastic anisotropies. The accuracy of CAE prediction is improving in various issues in press forming such as fractures, wrinkles, stretch-flange-fractures, springback, and surface distortion. With our advanced CAE technologies, we can offer our customers solutions to various forming issues.



Analysis of

**Automotive Body Structures** 

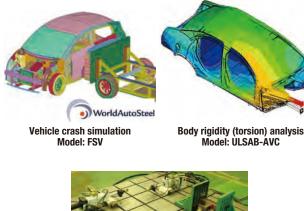
Our database of automotive body structures and materials is being updated

through performance evaluation and disassembly investigation. Based on

the database, suitable materials, structures, and fabrication processes are

## **Performance Evaluation** of Automobile Body/Part

Strength, rigidity and durability of automotive bodies and parts are evaluated by numerical and experimental analysis. Based on the data, we propose suitable materials, shapes, and joining conditions to our customers for the development of bodies and parts.



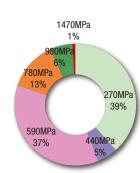


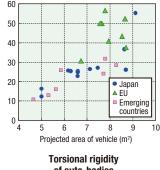
Tri-axial fatigue testing machine





Disassembled half body





Weight percentages of various strength steels in automobile body

Forsional rigidity (kNm<sup>2</sup>/deg)